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ANORECTAL ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY IN AYURVEDA

Dr. Sanjay Singh Chauhan*

Declaration

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Abstract

It is very necessary to have knowledge of anatomical relations and structures of guda (anal canal), because maney disease Like arsha, bhagandara and parikatika, are mainly related with guda. Thus anatomical structure of guda assumes prime importance. Though the systematic description regarding the anatomy of guda is not available at one place in any of our ancient literature, but a little light can be shed in this direction by collecting references scattered in various chapters.

Key Word: Guda, Matrija bhava, Uttar Guda, Adhar Guda, Gudoshtha and Guda bali etc

Formation of Guda (Anal canal); Embryologically guda is supposed to be originated from matrija bhava of garbha.

असृजः श्लेष्मणश्चापि यः प्रसादः परो मतः।। तं पच्यमानं पित्तेन वायुश्चाप्यनुधावति।।26।। ततोऽस्यान्त्राणि जायन्ते गुदं बस्तिश्च देहिनः। (s.s. sh 4/26)

The intestine, anus and Bladder of the fetus are formed from the best parts of the blood and *kapha* after being digested by *pittaa* along with vayu.

Length of Guda (Anal canal): तत्र स्थूलान्त्रप्रतिबद्धमर्धपञ्चांगुलं गुदमाहुः, Length of guda is 4½ angula. Location of Guda (Anal canal); It is a structure, which is related to the sthula antra (large intestine). Parts of Guda; Guda can be divided into three parts; 1. Uttara Guda, 2. Adhara Guda, 3. Gudostha.

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ANORECTAL ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY IN AYURVEDA

Uttarguda is that part in which feces is stored or collected. *Adhara guda* is that part, which helps in expulsion of faces. *Gudostha* is the terminal portion of *guda*, 1 *angula* inside the hairy region in buttock.

From this we can conclude that

TABLE 2.1 Parts of Guda

Uttara guda	Upper portion of rectum and sigmoid colon.
Adhara guda	Lower portion of rectum and anal canal.
Gudostha	Anal orifice.

तस्मिन् वलयस्तिस्रोऽध्यर्धांगुलान्तरसंभूताः प्रवाहणी विसर्जनी संवरणी चेति चतुरंगुलायताः, सर्वास्तिर्यगेकांगुलोच्छ्रिताः।।ऽ।।

शंखावर्तनिभाश्चापि उपर्युपरि संस्थिताः।।

रोमान्तेभ्यो यवाध्यर्धो गृदौष्ठः परिकीर्तिताः।।6।।

प्रथमा तु गुदौष्ठादंगुलमात्रे । । रा. (s.s.ni 2/5,6,7)

Inside the *guda*, on the lateral walls, there are 3 lateral folds, separated by a distance of 1 *angula*. These are also spiral like a conch. They have also been described to be of the color like that of the palate of an elephant⁹.

The first fold is *Samvarani* which is placed 1 *angula* proximal to the *gudostha* and other folds are placed one above each other.

Gudostha clearly indicates the anal verge which placed inside the line of hairs, samvarani placed 1 angula above the gudostha and can be correlated to the zone of sphincter muscles especially the area of external sphincter, Visarjani placed 1 angula above samvorani is indicative of ano-rectal ring and Pravahani placed 1 angula above visarjani is indicative of the inferior Housten's valve or the rectal ampulla.

TABLE 2.2

Gudostha-	Anal verge
Samvarani	Part of external anal sphincter
Visarjani-	Anorectal Ring
Pravahani-	Inferior Housten's valve or the rectal ampulla.

Pravahani helps in straining and thus helps to initiate the act of evacuation, *visarjani* helps in the downward movement of feces and *samvarani* controls the final timing of evacuation of the excreta.

Vascular Supply to Guda(Anal Canal)

Sira carry rakta, pitta, and kapha etc. There are 34 siras in the region of kostha of which 8 siras are responsible for carrying vata and maintenance of its normal functions. These are situated in guda, medhra and shroni.

Dhamani, which moves downwards to carry *apan, vata, mutra, shukra* and *artava* to their respective seats or organs like *pakvashaya, kati, guda, basti* and *medhra*. They also control defection process.

Gudapeshi: Three peshis are present in guda.

Gudasthi: In pelvic region, there are five bones out of which four are in *guda*, *bhaga* and *nitamba* while one in *trika*.

Gudsandhi: In guda samudha type of sandhi is present.

Gudmarma: Sushrutra describe guda as a sadya pranhara type of mans marma.

Srotasa: Sushruta considered guda as a moola of purishwaha srotasa as well as vahya srotas.

Pranayatana: Guda is among the dasha pranayatana described by Charak and Vagbhatta.

CHAUHAN

Kriya Sharir of Guda (Physiology)

Guda is one of the karmendriya and its function is to excrete the mala from the body. Guda and pakvashaya are the main seats of apan vayu, which is the main driving force for the expulsion of feces. Any imbalance in the functioning of apan vayu leads to the disease of guda and vasti.

The description of the process of defecation has not been clearly described in any of the *Ayurvedic* classics. Based on internal structure of *guda* described by various authors, *Gananath Sen* describes that *pravahani* helps in compressing and pushing the feces downwards, *visarjani* relaxes during this process and thus allow the contents to move further and *samvarani* controls the final act of evacuation. Thus *apan vayu* and the three *vali* are solely responsible for initiating and completing the act of defecation.

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